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09/675,982	09/29/2000	Seth Bradley Noble	004098.P001	1722
. 7	590 01/12/2004	EXAMINER		
Robert B O'R	ourke	LAZARO, DAVID R		
Blakely Sokoloff Taylor & Zafman LLP Seventh Floor 12400 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90025-1026			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			DATE MAILED: 01/12/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

•		Applicatio	n No.	Applicant(s)	d
Office Action Summary		09/675,98	2	NOBLE, SETH BRADLEY	
		Examiner		Art Unit	
	 	David Laza	• •	2155	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication or Reply	n appears on the	c ver sheet with the	correspondence addres	s
THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu - Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION IN COMMU	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no ever on. , a reply within the statu period will apply and will statute, cause the appli	nt, however, may a reply be ti tory minimum of thirty (30) da expire SIX (6) MONTHS fror cation to become ABANDON	imely filed ys will be considered timely. n the mailing date of this commur ED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	27 August 2003.			
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠	This action is no	n-final.		
3)	Since this application is in condition for all closed in accordance with the practice un				rits is
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-45</u> is/are pending in the applica 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-45</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction as	hdrawn from con			
	ion Papers		qui omoni.		
9)□ 10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Exa The drawing(s) filed on <u>29 September 200</u> Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of the oath or declaration is objected to by the	00 is/are: a) ☐ acoupt of the drawing(s) become contraction is require	e held in abeyance. Se d if the drawing(s) is ol	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). bjected to. See 37 CFR 1.	121(d).
•	under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120				
12) \(\begin{array}{c} & \cdot & \cdo	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for for All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority docur 2. Certified copies of the priority docur 3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But See the attached detailed Office action for a Acknowledgment is made of a claim for dorince a specific reference was included in the 7 CFR 1.78. 1) The translation of the foreign language Acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment is made of a claim for doring the foreign language acknowledgment language acknowledgment	ments have beer ments have beer priority docume ureau (PCT Rule a list of the certification priority under first sentence provisional appressic priority undestic priority undestication priority documents priority undestication priority documents priority documents priority documents priority undestication priority priority documents priority priority priority undestication priority	n received. In received in Application to have been received 17.2(a)). It is decopies not received a 15.0. § 1190 of the specification of the specification and the specification of the specification has been respectively.	tion No red in this National Stag ed. (e) (to a provisional app or in an Application Data ceived. 0 and/or 121 since a sp	lication) a Sheet. ecific
Attachmen	nt(s)				
2) Notice	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper N	8)		y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)	

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DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-45 are pending in this Office Action.

Claims 16-45 were added in a Preliminary Amendment.

Papers Received

- Oath/Declaration and associated Fees were received on 01/12/01.
 Supplemental Declaration received on 02/27/03.
- 2. Preliminary Amendment A received on 07/02/01.
- 3. Preliminary Amendment B received on 12/27/02.

Information Disclosure Statement

4. The information disclosure statement (IDS) submitted on 01/11/01 has been considered by the examiner.

Drawings

5. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p)(4).

In Fig. 13, reference character "1332" has been used to designate both a method block and a sub-block within the same method block. The examiner notes the sub-block should probably be labeled "1360" as noted in the specification.

In Fig. 14, reference character 1421 is also used twice in a similar manner. The examiner notes the sub-block should probably be labeled "1421a".

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 7. Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by U.S. Patent 5,878,228 by Miller et al. (Miller).
- 8. With respect to Claim 1, Miller teaches a method, comprising: a) maintaining an understanding at a client of those portions of a response that have been received over a network from a server (Col. 5 lines 29-45); and b) issuing a request message from said client to said server for a portion of said response that has not been received at said client (Col. 5 lines 29-45).
- 9. With respect to Claim 2, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches sending a reply message from said server to said client, said reply message having at least a portion of said portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 29-33 and lines 6-16).

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10. With respect to Claim 3, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said reply message further comprises an indication of a size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).

- 11. With respect to Claim 4, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 3 and further teaches said indication of a size of said response further comprises an indication of how much of said response remains to be delivered to said client (Col. 7 lines 27-38 and Col.8 lines 23-40).
- 12. With respect to Claim 5, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said reply message is part of a burst of reply messages, said burst of reply messages having said portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 10-18).
- 13. With respect to Claim 6, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches said request message comprises a starting address (Col. 6 lines 48-51) and an extent (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 14. With respect to Claim 7, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 6 and further teaches said starting address corresponds to an address between a starting address for said response and an ending address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51).
- 15. With respect to Claim 8, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 6 and further teaches said extent corresponds to an address between a starting address for said response and an ending address for said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 16. With respect to Claim 9, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 2 and further teaches said reply message further comprises an indication of a capacity of said server (Col. 5 lines 10-15).

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17. With respect to Claim 10, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 9 and further teaches said indication of a capacity of said server further comprises a server burst size limit (Col. 5 liens 10-15).

- 18. With respect to Claim 11, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches said request message further comprises an indication of a capacity of said client (Col. 5 lines 6-10).
- 19. With respect to Claim 12, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 11 and further teaches said indication of a capacity of said client further comprises a client burst limit (Col. 5 lines 9-10).
- 20. With respect to Claim 13, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches said request message further comprises a description of an object located at said server (Col. 6 lines 65-67).
- 21. With respect to Claim 14, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 13 and further teaches said request message further comprises an action to be taken by said server upon said request (Col. 6 lines 41-45).
- 22. With respect to Claim 15, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 1 and further teaches further comprising issuing a request for said response from a client application to a client transport layer prior to said maintaining and said issuing, a request message (Col. 4 lines 60-67).
- 23. With respect to Claim 16, Miller teaches a method, comprising: a) generating, at a client, a request for an action to a be performed by a server to a data object, said data object being maintained by said server (Col. 5 lines 2-5); b) sending an initial request

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message from said client to said server over a network, wherein said initial request message asks for a first portion of a response to said request (Col. 5 lines 2-8), wherein said initial request message further comprises: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 9-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8); c) performing, at said server, at least a part of said action to said data object (Col. 5 lines 10-16); and d) sending a burst of reply messages from said server to said client over said network in order to provide said answering to said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 10-16), wherein: 1) each reply message within said burst of reply messages carries a different piece of said asked for first portion, wherein, each of said different pieces is not larger than said second limit and wherein (Col. 5 lines 6-16) 2) the aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 6-16).

- 24. With respect to Claim 17, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said client and said server can identify said response as an addressable block of data (Col. 5 lines 19-21).
- 25. With respect to Claim 18, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 17 and further teaches said request further comprises: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) a

second address of said block of data that corresponds to a terminating address for said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).

- With respect to Claim 19, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 17 and further 26. teaches said request defines: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) an extent value that describes how much information beyond said starting address corresponds to the rest of said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 27. With respect to Claim 20, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said request indicates said response is to be crafted as only a section of a full response, said full response being the complete result of said action being performed on said data object (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 28. With respect to Claim 21, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches sending a second request message from said client to said server over said network, wherein said second request messages asks for a second portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 29. With respect to Claim 22, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 21 and further teaches said second request message further comprises said first limit and said second limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10).
- With respect to Claim 23, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 21 and further teaches sending a second burst of replay messages from said server to said client in order to answer said second request message (Col. 5 lines 10-16).

- 31. With respect to Claim 24, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said first limit is maintained by said client (Col. 5 lines 8-10), and a third limit is maintained by said server (Col. 5 lines 10-15), said third limit defining the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message, wherein said third limit is less than said first limit and said aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said third limit (Col. 5 lines 6-16).
- 32. With respect to Claim 25, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches at least on of said reply messages further comprises the size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).
- 33. With respect to Claim 27, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 and further teaches said client assigns a transaction identifier to said request and includes said transaction identifier into said initial request (Col. 5 lines 1-5 and Col. 6 lines 5-7).
- 34. With respect to Claim 28, Miller teaches a machine readable medium having stored thereon a sequence of instructions which when executed by a processing core cause said processing core to perform a method, said method comprising: forming an initial request message for sending over a network to a server, wherein said initial request message asks for a first portion of a response to a request (Col. 5 lines 2-8) from a software program for an action to be performed by a server to a data object, wherein said initial request message further comprises: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to

send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 9-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8).

- 35. With respect to Claim 29, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches said application software program can identify said response as an addressable block of data (Col. 5 lines 19-21).
- 36. With respect to Claim 30, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 29 and further teaches said request further comprises: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) a second address of said block of data that corresponds to a terminating address for said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 37. With respect to Claim 31, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 29 and further teaches said request defines: 1) a first address of said block of data that corresponds to a starting address for said response (Col. 6 lines 48-51); and 2) an extent value that describes how much information beyond said starting address corresponds to the rest of said response (Col. 6 lines 52-55).
- 38. With respect to Claim 32, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches said request indicates said response is to be crafted as only a section of a full response, said full response being the complete result of said action being performed on said data object (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 39. With respect to Claim 33, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches forming a second request message for sending to said server over said

network, wherein said second request messages asks for a second portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 1-5).

- 40. With respect to Claim 34, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 33 and further teaches said second request message further comprises said first limit and said second limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10).
- 41. With respect to Claim 35, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 28 and further teaches receiving a burst of reply messages that were sent over said network from said server in order to provide said answering to said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 10-16), wherein: 1) each reply message within said burst of reply messages carries a different piece of said asked for first portion, wherein, each of said different pieces is not larger than said second limit (Col. 5 lines 8-9) and wherein 2) the aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 9-10).
- 42. With respect to Claim 36, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 35 and further teaches at least one of said reply messages further comprises the size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).
- 43. With respect to Claim 39, Miller teaches a machine readable medium having stored thereon a sequence of instructions which when executed by a processing core cause said processing core to perform a method, said method comprising: forming a burst of reply messages in order to provide an answer to an initial request message that was sent over a network by a client (Col. 5 lines 10-16), wherein said initial request message asked for a first portion of a response to a request from a client software

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program for an action to be performed to a data object (Col. 5 lines 1-10), wherein: a) said initial request message further comprised: 1) a description of said action (Col. 5 line 60 to Col. 6 lines 8); 2) a description of said data object (Col. 6 lines 65-67); 3) a first limit that defines the maximum amount of data that said server is allowed to send to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 9-10); 4) a second limit that defines a maximum datagram size that can be formed by said server in said answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 7-8); and b) wherein: 1) each reply message within said burst of reply messages carries a different piece of said asked for first portion, wherein, each of said different pieces is not larger than said second limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10) and wherein 2) the aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 6-10).

- 44. With respect to Claim 40, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 and further teaches receiving a second request message that was sent by said client over said network, wherein said second request message asked for a second portion of said response (Col. 5 lines 1-5).
- 45. With respect to Claim 41, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 40 and further teaches sending a second burst of reply messages from said server to said client in order to answer said second request message (Col. 5 lines 6-16).
- 46. With respect to Claim 42, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 and further teaches maintaining a third limit, said third limit defining the maximum amount of data that is allowed to be sent to said client in answering said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 10-15).

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47. With respect to Claim 43, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 42 and further teaches said aggregate of said different pieces is an amount of data that is not larger than said third limit if said third limit is less than said first limit (Col. 5 lines 10-15).

48. With respect to Claim 44, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 and further teaches at least on of said reply messages further comprises the size of said response (Col. 7 lines 27-38).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 49. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 50. Claim 26, 37, 38 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller in view of U.S. Patent 5,845,280 by Treadwell, III et al. (Treadwell).
- 51. With respect to Claim 26, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 16 but does not explicitly disclose returning an object identifier that can be used for subsequent requests on the same object. However, Treadwell shows it is well known in the art that data objects can be assigned an object identifier (Col. 2 lines 25-29) that can be used in subsequent requests (Col. 7 lines 8-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the method disclosed by Miller and modify it as indicated by Treadwell such that at least one of said reply messages

further comprises an object identifier that said client may use to refer to said data object for subsequent requests that invoke said data object. One would be motivated to have this as it reduces overhead in data transmission procedures (Col. 2 lines 29-35).

- 52. With respect to Claim 37, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 35 but does not explicitly disclose returning an object identifier that can be used for subsequent requests on the same object. However, Treadwell shows it is well known in the art that data objects can be assigned an object identifier (Col. 2 lines 25-29) that can be used in subsequent requests (Col. 7 lines 8-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the machine readable medium disclosed by Miller and modify it as indicated by Treadwell such that at least one of said reply messages further comprises an object identifier that may be used to refer to said data object for subsequent requests that invoke said data object. One would be motivated to have this as it reduces overhead in data transmission procedures (Col. 2 lines 29-35).
- 53. With respect to Claim 38, Miller in view of Treadwell further teaches said method further comprises assigning a transaction identifier to said request and including said transaction identifier into said initial request message (Col. 5 lines 1-5 and Col. 6 lines 5-7).
- 54. With respect to Claim 45, Miller teaches all the limitations of Claim 39 but does not explicitly disclose returning an object identifier that can be used for subsequent requests on the same object. However, Treadwell shows it is well known in the art that data objects can be assigned an object identifier (Col. 2 lines 25-29) that can be used in

subsequent requests (Col. 7 lines 8-16). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to take the machine readable medium disclosed by Miller and modify it as indicated by Treadwell such that at least one of said reply messages further comprises an object identifier that said client may use to refer to said data object for subsequent requests that invoke said data object. One would be motivated to have this as it reduces overhead in data transmission procedures (Col. 2 lines 29-35).

Conclusion

- 55. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 56. U.S. Patent 6,430,620 by Omura et al. "System and Method for Locating and Retransferring Lost Data Through the Use of Position Number Within a File" August 6, 2002.
- 57. U.S. Patent 6,493,316 by Chapman et al. "Apparatus for and Method of Managing Bandwidth for a Packet Based Connection" December 10, 2002.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Lazaro whose telephone number is 703-305-4868. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30-5:00 M-F.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Hosain Alam can be reached on 703-308-6662. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-305-3900.

David Lazaro

January 6, 2004.

HOSAIN ALAM SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER